

# Parts of Speech

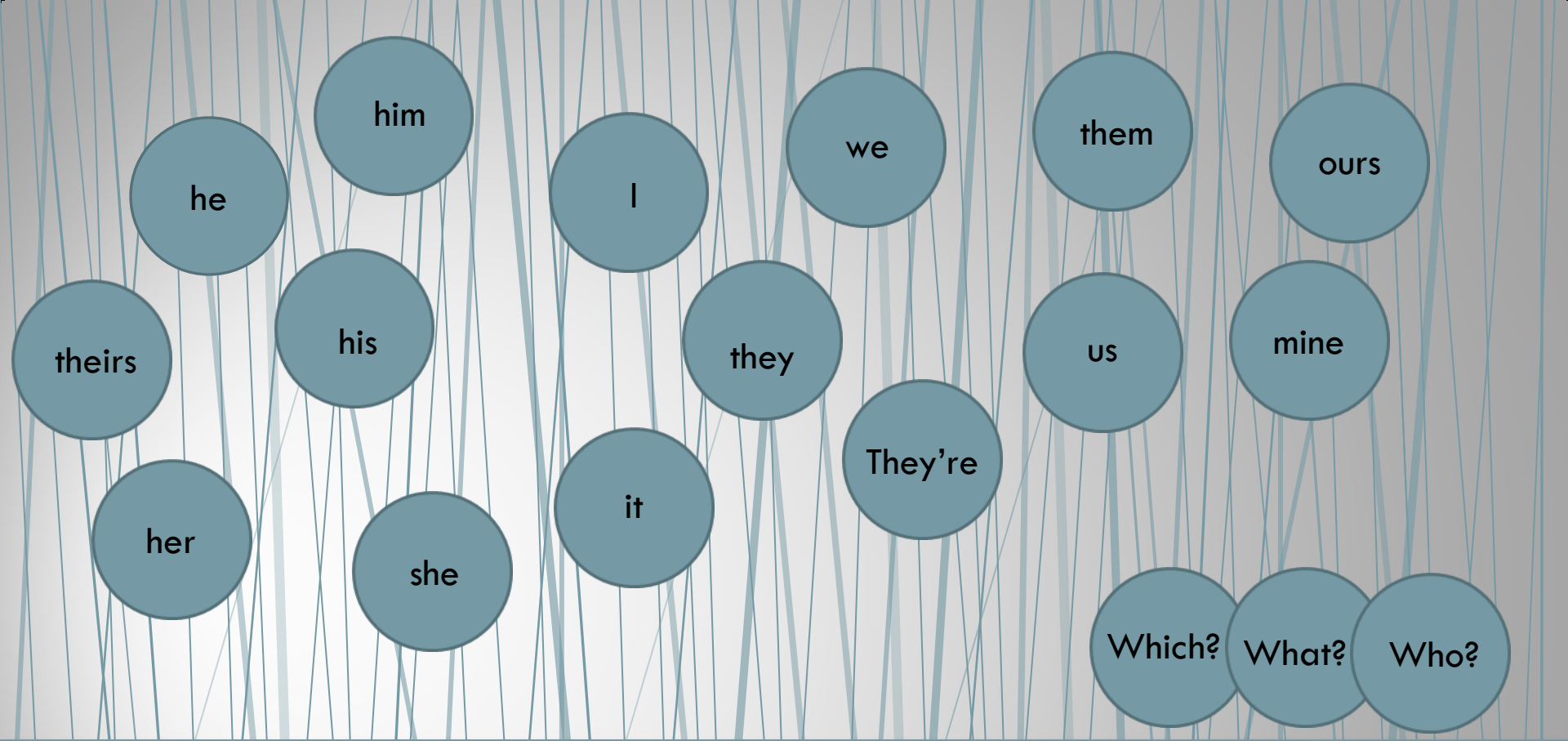
Common  
&  
Proper

Concrete  
&  
Abstract

Collective

# Nouns

Person, place, thing, or idea



him

he

we

them

ours

I

his

they

us

mine

theirs

They're

it

her

she

Which?

What?

Who?

Antecedents

# Pronouns

Replaces the noun.

SONG

What kind?

How many?

Which one?

Articles  
{a, an, the}

Comparative

Irregular

Superlative


# Adjectives

Describe a noun.

Just for fun

For some adjectives of 2 syllables and all adjectives of 3 or more syllables, use **more** to form the **comparative** and **most** to form the **superlative**.

Use **less** to form the **comparative** and **least** to form the **superlative**



more or  
less

# Comparative & Superlative Adjectives

More, most, less, least

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Energetic	More energetic	
courteous		most courteous
Impatient		
Important	More important	
Difficult		
Wonderful		Most wonderful
Gracious		
Agreeable	More agreeable	
Helpful		
Beautiful		Most beautiful

Fill in the Blank:

Of the two sisters, Andrea is the \_\_\_\_\_studious.

Your garden is the \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful one I've ever seen.

Washington became the \_\_\_\_\_famous general of the Revolution.

Which is \_\_\_\_\_ useful, electric lights or the telephone?

Dan is always the \_\_\_\_\_courteous person at the party.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Helpful		least helpful
Friendly		
Serious		Least serious
Agreeable		
Faithful	Less faithful	
Comfortable		
Patient		
Reliable	Less reliable	

Irregular: Fill in the blank:

The poem is the \_\_\_\_\_ one I have read this year. (good)

That was the \_\_\_\_\_ concert ever performed. (bad)

Is "A ghost story" a \_\_\_\_\_ story than "The last leaf?" (good)

**Review**







Action



Linking



Helping

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# Verbs

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Absolutely

Positively

How? Where?  
When?  
Condition? Or  
Reason?

# Adverbs

Words that describe a verb

Lolly, Lolly,  
Lolly

Helping verbs are words that help the main verb. They have no meaning on their own. Helping verbs are needed to make the sentence grammatically correct.

Examples:

  
Peter **is** going to town.

  
Jane **would have** gone, but she didn't have a ride.

# Helping Verbs

Write source p. 480, 718

Song

**Linking verbs** are words that connect the subject to additional information about the subject.

Linking verbs connect the subject to a predicate noun or predicate adjective.

Examples

George Washington became the first president.

Paul is nine years old.

# Linking Verbs

state of being verbs

song

Past

Present

Regular  
&  
irregular

# Verb Tenses

Write Source p. 720

List 10-15 verbs you would use to participate in the following activities:

Bake  
cookies

Throw a party

Fly a kite

Clean your room

Build a snowman

Make a banana  
split

**Specific Vivid Verbs (activity)**

Prepositional  
Phrases

Direct Object

"about," "above," "across,"  
"after," "against," "along,"  
"among," "around," "at," "before,"  
"behind," "below," "beneath,"  
"beside," "between," "beyond,"  
"but," "by," "despite," "down,"  
"during," "except," "for," "from,"  
"in," "inside," "into," "like," "near,"  
"of," "off," "on," "onto," "out,"  
"outside," "over," "past," "since,"  
"through," "throughout," "till," "to,"  
"toward," "under," "underneath,"  
"until," "up," "upon," "with,"  
"within," and "without."

# Prepositions

Write Source p. 519, 742-43

clip

## Steps

1. Identify the preposition.

{Where does a mouse run}

2. Ask “ \_\_\_\_\_ What?  
preposition

This gives you the prepositional phrase.

# Prepositional Phrases



To find the DIRECT OBJECT ASK yourself:

“ \_\_\_\_\_ what specifically?”  
Preposition

This will give you the DIRECT OBJECT

# Direct Object

Jeopardy  
Review

# Review Game(s)

Write Source p. 749